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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/627,736	07/28/2003	Akinori Saneto	06753.0556	3804	
7590 02/27/2004			EXAM	INER	
Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow,			ESTRADA, ANGEL R		
Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P. 1300 I Street, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Washington, DC 20005-3315			2831	2831	

DATE MAILED: 02/27/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		A	pplication No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		1	10/627,736	SANETO ET AL.				
		E	xaminer	Art Unit				
			ngel R. Estrada	2831				
Period for F	he MAILING DATE of this communi Reply	cation appear	rs on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ad	ldress			
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the per - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO ILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIONS of time may be available under the provisions (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common for reply specified above is less than thirty (3fixed for reply is specified above, the maximum states reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months at atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a unication.)) days, a reply with tutory period will a will, by statute, cau). In no event, however, may hin the statutory minimum of t pply and will expire SIX (6) M use the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timel DNTHS from the mailing date of this c ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.			
Status								
1)□ Re	esponsive to communication(s) file	d on						
· —	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)∐ Si	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
clo	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition	of Claims							
4a) 5)□ Cl 6)⊠ Cl 7)□ Cl	Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-5 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application	Papers							
10)⊠ The Ap	e specification is objected to by the edrawing(s) filed on is/are: plicant may not request that any objection discement drawing sheet(s) including edoath or declaration is objected to	a) ☐ accept tion to the dra the correction	wing(s) be held in abey is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 Cl	` '			
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ■ All b) ■ Some * c) ■ None of: 1. ■ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ■ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ■								
Attachment(s)								
	References Cited (PTO-892)			Summary (PTO-413)				
3) Informati	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P' on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or f (s)/Mail Date			o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTC 	D-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. Figure 1 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

2. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc. (line 1, "comprises").

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(5) as being anticipated by $\mathcal{L}(2|\mathbf{G})$ Depp et al (hereinafter Depp).

Regarding claim 1, Depp discloses an electrical junction box (10) comprising: a junction box body (14); and a cover (12) which houses and holds the junction box body (14), wherein a guide rail groove (38) is provided on any one of an inner surface of the cover (12) and an outer surface of the junction box body, and a guide rail (40) guided by the guide rail groove (38) is provided on the other (14) thereof; and the guide rail groove (38) is formed so that the inlet side thereof is a wide groove part (60) having a width wider than that of the guide rail (see figure 1 and 16)

Regarding claim 4, Depp discloses the electrical junction box (10), the wide groove part (60) is a groove having a straight-line shape, which gradually expands toward the inlet thereof (see figure 4).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Depp et al (hereinafter Depp).

Regarding claim 2, Depp discloses the claimed invention except for the wide groove part being a curved groove part having a circular arc shape. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to change the shape of the wide groove part from a straight line shape to a circular arc shape, since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the shape of a component. Where the instant specification and evidence of record fail to attribute any significance (novel or unexpected results) to

a particular shape, a change of shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. Span-Deck Inc. V. FabCon, Inc., 215 USPQ 835.

Regarding claim 3, the modified Depp discloses the electrical junction box (10), wherein the guide rail groove (38) includes a straight groove part (62) which holds the guide rail (40), and the curved groove part (as modified in claim 2).

5. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Depp et al (hereinafter Depp) in view of Hayakawa et al (US 5,915,978, hereinafter Hayakawa).

Regarding claim 5, Depp discloses the claimed invention except for a locking groove being provided on an inner side of the guide rail groove and a lock projection engaged with the locking groove being provided on the side of the guide rail to allow the cover to hold the junction box body. Hayakawa discloses an electrical junction box (see figures 1-3) having a junction box body (30) and a cover (see figure 4) which houses and holds the junction box body (30), the junction box body (30) has a locking groove (see figure 4) on the inner side of a guide rail groove (34) and the cover (see figure 4) has a guide rail (35) with a lock projection (36) that engages the locking groove to allow the cover to hold the junction box body. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make Depp's junction box body with guide rail groove having a locking groove on an inner surface that engages a lock projection in guide rail as taught by Hayakawa to provide means to firmly secure the junction box body to the cover.

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Conclusion

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6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure. Chiriku et al (US 6,515,226 and US 6,541,700), Matsuoka (US

6,121,548), Depp et al (US 6,561,822 and US 6,679,708), Ito (US 5,702,021), Oda (US

5,515,988) disclose an electrical junction box having a junction box body with guide rail

groove and a cover with guide rail, or vice versa.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Angel R.

Estrada at telephone number (571) 272-1973. The Examiner can normally be reached

on Monday-Friday (8:30 -5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Dean Reichard can be reached on (571) 272-1984. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-

0956.

AΕ

February 4, 2004

n a. Backarg 2/6/04

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800